



## **CORONAVIRUS RESPONSE & RELIEF SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT (H.R. 133)**

### **KEY PROVISIONS:**

- **Paycheck Protection Program:**
  - \$284 Billion added to the program.
  - Businesses and nonprofits with 300 or fewer employees AND that have sustained a 25 percent reduction in gross receipts in any quarter of 2020 become eligible for a "second draw" PPP loan. (*No expansion to nonprofits with 500 or more employees.*)
    - We will share further details about eligibility and any new application materials when they become available.
  - Forgivable expenses are expanded to include supplier costs and investments in facility modifications and personal protective equipment to operate safely.
  - Loan forgiveness process is simplified for borrowers with PPP loans of \$150,000 or less.
- **\$3 Billion for the Provider Relief Fund**
  - \$3 billion in additional grants for hospital and health care providers to be reimbursed for health care related expenses or lost revenue directly attributable to the public health emergency resulting from coronavirus, along with direction to allocate not less than 85 percent of unobligated funds in the Provider Relief Fund through an application-based portal to reimburse health care providers for financial losses incurred in 2020
- **Unemployment Insurance relief for reimbursing employers:** extends through March 14, 2021 the existing federal program for 50% reimbursement of the cost of unemployment insurance benefits paid by nonprofits who self-fund these benefits.
- **Coronavirus Relief Fund deadline extension:**
  - The CARES Act included \$150 billion in direct assistance for state, territorial and tribal governments, known as the "Coronavirus Relief Fund," to address necessary expenditures incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, with an original deadline for expenditures of December 30, 2020.
  - Many states have used some of their CRF money to set up grant programs that benefit nonprofits.
  - The bill extends the deadline for these governments to spend CRF money through December 31, 2021.



- **Money Follows the Person extension and other provisions:**
  - Enacted as part of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, the Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration supports state initiatives to transition their long-term care supports away from institutional care.
  - This act provides for a three-year extension of \$450 million per year, along with a three-year extension of spousal impoverishment protections.
  - \$100 million in additional funding for the Administration for Community Living to help aging and disability programs respond to the pandemic.
  - Extension of the CARES Act above-the-line \$300 (\$600 for joint filers) charitable giving deduction for 2021.
- **\$10.25 billion to support early childhood programs and child care providers through the Administration for Children and Families:**
  - \$10 billion for Child Care and Development Block Grants to provide immediate assistance to child care providers
  - \$250 million for Head Start.
- **NOT INCLUDED IN THIS LEGISLATION:**
  - Liability protections from coronavirus-related lawsuits for businesses, including health and human services providers.
  - Additional funding for state and local governments to help provide targeted financial relief.
  - An extension of a federal paid sick/family leave benefit created in the CARES Act for COVID-related use.
  - Funds specifically dedicated to assist providers of home and community-based services.

#### **ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:**

- Section-by-section legislative summaries of the coronavirus relief package: [COVID-related provisions](#), [appropriations provisions](#), [authorizing provisions](#)
- [Link to bill itself](#)